

Air-cooled Chilling Units

for a greener tomorrow





# The new e-series uses R32

記録

STREE

## Reduced impact on Earth with the use of R32 and a reduction in refrigerant volume

**R32** 

A MER

The GWP of R32 is 33% of R410A, and the amount of refrigerant required is reduced by as much as approximately 68%.

Ecologi

## High Efficiency

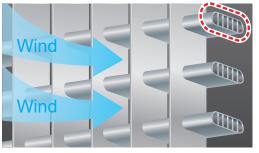
The high efficiency of the e-series is achieved by high quality key components and cooperation among units

The new inverter compressor and flat tube heat exchanger contribute to improved performance rating and seasonal efficiency. Furthermore, by linking multiple units, efficient operation in the system is also realized.

## Key technology

#### Flat tube heat exchanger

The installation of fins inside the flat tube to divide the flow path of refrigerant improves heat exchange effectiveness. It contributes to greater energy efficiency, reduction in refrigerant volume, and a wider operating range.



(Illustration)

128

## R32-compatible inverter compressor

A new compressor with a suction chamber injection mechanism and an inverter control system that automatically controls the operating frequency realize the use of R32 refrigerant and a wide water operating range.





Operable in cooling mode at an intake air temperature of up to 52°C.

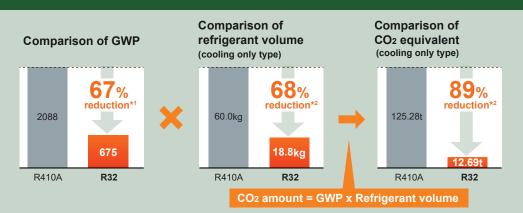
The maximum operable intake air temperature has increased from 43°C to 52°C. This extends the cooling performance of the units in intense heat.

## Operable in heating mode at an intake air temperature of down to -20°C.

The standard minimum intake air temperature for heating operation has expanded from -15°C to -20°C. The new model helps to create warm, comfortable spaces during the harsh winter.

## Reduced impact on the environment by using R32 refrigerant

Compared to R410A, the refrigerant used in conventional models, R32 has a one-third lower GWP. The use of the R32-compatible compressor and flat tube heat exchanger allows for an approximately 68% reduction in refrigerant volume and approximately 89% reduction in CO<sub>2</sub> equivalent in cooling only models.



\*1 Source: IPCC 4th Assessment Report, global warming potential (GWP) 100-year value. Comparison of 2088 (R410A) and 675 (R32) based on Regulation(EU) No517/2014.

\*2 Source: R410A EACV-P1500/1800YBL, R32 EACV-M1500/1800YCL

Eurovent efficiency class Rank A

achieved

3.28\*1

3.47\*

### High efficiency

EER

COP

Model

M1500

(50HP)



Improved major components achieve high energy saving performance. The 50 HP model has a high EER rating corresponding to energy saving class A.

- \*1 Under normal cooling conditions at outdoor temp 35°DB/24°WB(95°FDB/75.2°FWB) outlet water temp 7°C(44.6°F) inlet water temp 12°C(53.6°F). Pump input is included in cooling capacity and power input based on EN14511.
- \*2 Under normal heating conditions at outdoor temp 7\*DB/6\*WB(44.6\*FDB/42.8\*FWB) outlet water temp 45\*C(113\*F) inlet water temp 40\*C(104\*F). Pump input is included in heating capacity and power input based on EN14511.



#### Seasonal efficiency

Seasonal efficiency is improved in both 50HP and 60HP units.

\*1 The values are calculated in accordance with EN14511.

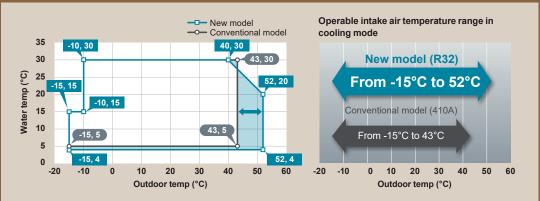


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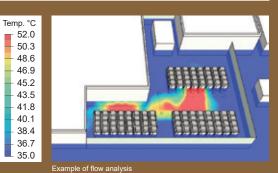
Cooling

The use of the flat tube heat exchanger has made it possible to increase the maximum intake air temperature from 43°C to 52°C in cooling mode, extending the cooling performance of the units in intense heat and in collective installation.



In built-up areas with a high density of buildings, wind may be blocked, causing an accumulation of warm air in the vicinity of the unit. The new model is guaranteed up to 52°C, so operation remains stable even in such situations.

\*The figure shows an installation example. Actual conditions vary. Units must be adequately spaced to ensure optimum performance

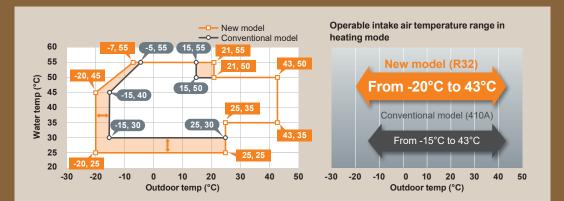




## Operable in heating mode at an intake air temperature of down to -20°C.

Heating

The new model has a greater heating capacity range due to the flat tube heat exchanger and the suction chamber injection mechanism of the compressor. It is operable at the minimum intake air temperature of -20°C and the minimum outlet water temperature of 25°C. The new model is suitable for use in manufacturing lines requiring heating throughout the year.



\*The function to protect the units is triggered when the units are operated at a temperature outside the operating temperature range listed above. When this happens, the units will either be operated in the capacity-save mode or come to a stop and will be unable to supply water at the target temperature. Also, the units may be operated in the capacity-save mode at the start of heating operation (while warming up) due to the protection function.

#### High functionality of modular chillers

## High functionality of modular chillers

Up to six units can be connected to each group.

Optimum frequency control is performed based on the system load.

Operation is rotated to even out the operation time among units.

Units not undergoing maintenance are operable while other units are being maintained.



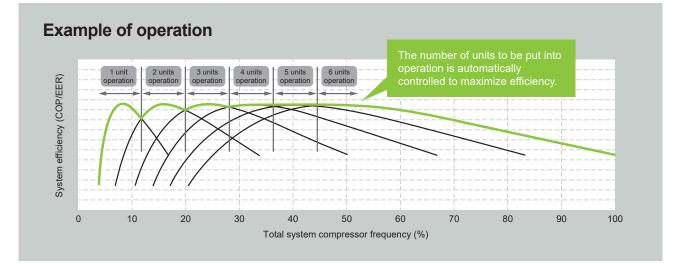
#### More energyefficient

#### **Optimum frequency control for greater energy saving**

A maximum of six units is connectable to each group to increase the capacity of the system. The optimum number of units is put in operation by using a unique automatic frequency control function to achieve maximum efficiency based on the system load demand.

#### In low load operation Normal Without optimum frequency control system efficiency 00 66 66 Units 1 to 3 operate at 100%. Units 4, 5, and 6 Unit 6 Unit 2 Unit 3 Unit 4 Unit 5 Unit stay in Thermo-OFF. High With optimum frequency control system efficiency Operates in accordance with the command sent from the system leader unit. Based on the total frequency of all connected units, the system leader unit decides No need for metering how many units should go î • • • 6 6 6 devices to perform into operation to achieve optimum frequency optimal efficiency. control. Unit 6 Unit 1 Unit 2 Unit 3 Unit 4 Unit 5 Based on the total frequency of all The system leader unit Each unit controls the water units, the system leader unit sends a command to each temperature in accordance calculates the number of units to be unit to go into operation or with the command sent from operated to maximize efficiency. remain stopped. the system leader unit.

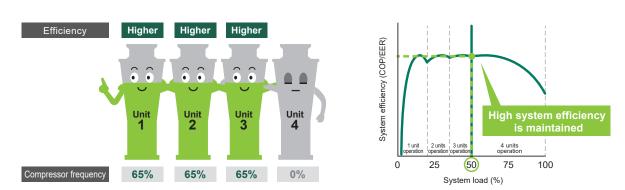
\*Dip switch setting is required to use this function.



#### When the overall system load is 50%

#### Without optimum frequency control Efficiency System efficiency (COP/EER) 00 00 Unit Unit Unit Unit Normal system efficiency 2 1 3 4 4 units Pration 1 unit peratior 2 un 3 units ope 0 25 50 75 100 Compressor frequency 100% 100% 0% 0% System load (%)

Without optimum frequency control, it is only possible to turn the unit on or off, and compressor frequency cannot be adjusted according to the required capacity.



#### With optimum frequency control

Each unit has inverter compressors, and the operating frequency and the number of units to be operated are controlled to maximize the operational efficiency of each unit based on the total system compressor frequency for the entire group. This function improves system efficiency when operating at low to medium loads.

#### High functionality of modular chillers

More reliable operation

#### **Rotation operation and easy maintenance**

Module chiller systems have an advantage of being able to operate the units in rotation, so the operating time of each unit is controled to be equalized. They also have an additional advantage: only the ones being serviced need to be stopped while others are kept in operation during maintenance. The capacity of the backup units can also be suppressed.

#### **Rotation operation**

When multiple units are installed, the operating time of each unit in the same system is controled to be equalized according to the load of the whole system.

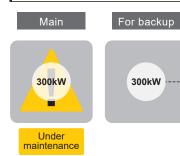


#### Easy maintenance

Water supply to each index of the full value. Water supply to each index of the ball value. Water supply to each index of the ball value. Water undex of the ball value. Water under of th

When a non-modular chiller is used as the main 300kW unit, as in the below example, the same capacity would also be required as a backup. However, when e-series modular chillers are used, two units can still operate even if one unit is under maintenance. This reduces the backup capacity requirement.

#### Non-modular chiller



#### Mitsubishi Electric's e-series modular chiller



Operation can be continued via one norma unit and one backup unit.

With the module chiller system, even if one unit is under maintenance, the other units can continue to operate.

The same capacity is required for backup

#### Less space and installation work

Units with built-in header pipings take less space and offer easier installation and maintenance.



#### Internal structure

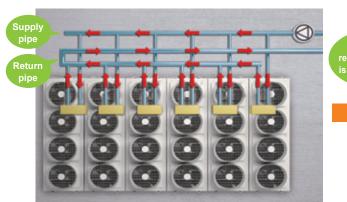
#### Built-in header type

Header pipings, which are normally required for connecting the unit to local water pipes, are built into the unit. Multiple units are easily connectable by using optional parts. This eliminates the need to procure water pipes for connecting the units, and reduces installation work.

\*This photo shows the angle from the piping side.

#### Less space and equipment cost

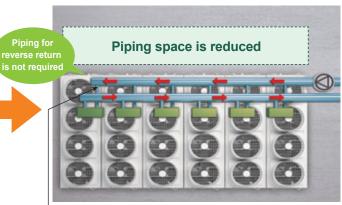
Standard piping construction



With standard piping construction, the customer must determine and design the return piping.

The supply pipe and return pipe of each unit should have the same overall length and piping resistance to keep a balance among the flow rates to the units. Therefore, piping space and equipment costs are required.

#### Built-in header type



Built-in header

The size of the piping for the built-in header type is large to reduce pressure loss in the piping. It is unnecessary to prepare the piping for reverse return.

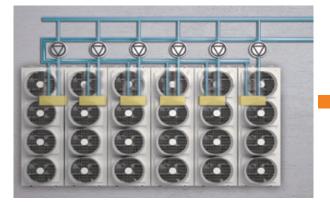
This helps to reduce piping space and equipment cost.

#### Less space and installation work

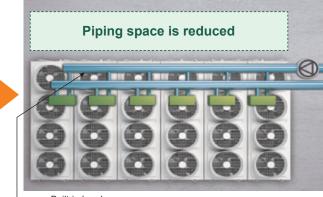
#### **Reduced installation work**

The piping to connect to other units is built into each unit. The number of piping connections is reduced by using optional parts (saving construction work and reducing construction time).

#### Standard piping construction



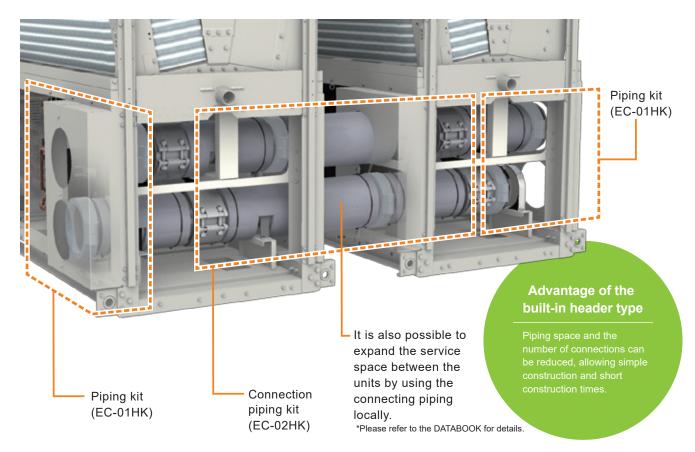
#### Built-in header type



Built-in header

#### Example construction of built-in header type modules

Use the optional connection kit to connect units for easy installation.

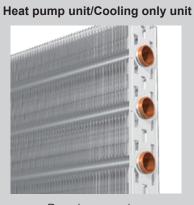




#### Flat tube heat exchanger

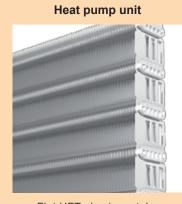
Flat tubes are sub-divided into smaller fins to increase the contact area with the refrigerant, resulting in greater heat-exchanging efficiency. The cooling only models and the heat pump models have fins that are shaped differently to increase the overall heat-exchange efficiency of each model, resulting in reduced refrigerant volume, greater operating range, and higher operation efficiency.

#### Conventional model (R410A)

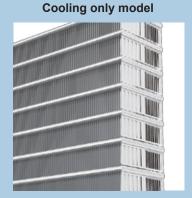


Round copper pipe

#### New model (R32)



#### Flat HFT aluminum tube



Flat PFC aluminum tube

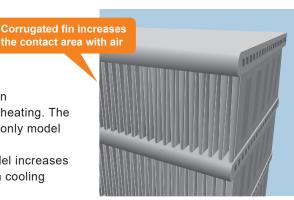
#### • Fin image

#### **Cooling only**

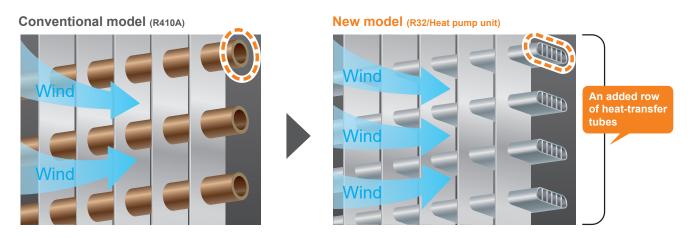
#### Parallel flow condenser

The heat pump and cooling only models adopt different fins in consideration of the influence of drain water clogging during heating. The heat pump model uses a horizontal flat tube and the cooling only model uses a parallel flow condenser.

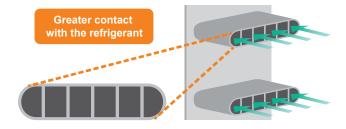
The shape of the corrugated fin used in the cooling only model increases the contact area with air and the amount of heat exchange in cooling operation.



• Image of the flat tube



Cross section of the flat tube



The fins inside the flat tube divide the flow of refrigerant into multiple paths and improve heat-exchanger effectiveness. Flat tubes reduce wind resistance and increase the number of piping stages, resulting in an overall improvement in heat exchange efficiency.

#### Compressor



#### R32-compatible high-efficiency inverter compressor

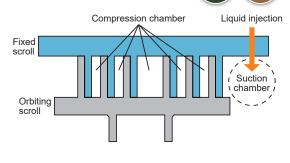


Each unit has four high-efficiency R32-compatible inverter compressors. Compared to R410A, R32 has low pressure loss, contributing to better operation efficiency. The inverter compressor automatically controls the compressor frequencies based on various air-conditioning conditions such as outside air temperature and changes in load, helping to achieve higher seasonal efficiency.

#### Stable operation with a suction chamber injection mechanism



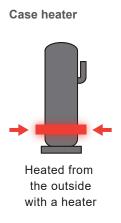
Returning the liquid refrigerant to the suction chamber suppresses a rise in the discharge temperature of R32 while the units are operated at low outside temperatures. The amount of injected refrigerant is adjusted according to the refrigerant state, allowing the units to operate in heating mode at an intake temperature as low as -20°C.



#### IH (induction heating) warmer



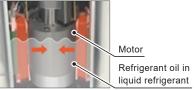
The e-series adopts an IH (induction heating) warmer to prevent refrigerant stagnation while the unit is stopped. The IH warmer suppresses standby power more than the belt case heater, which is wrapped around the compressor shell surface to constantly heat the compressor.



#### **IH warmer**

The magnetic property of the iron motor core inside the compressor is used to heat the compressor shell and prevent refrigerant stagnation while the unit is stopped. In addition, compressor heating remains on for 30 minutes after operation is stopped, and subsequently is switched on and off every 30 minutes. Standby power consumption therefore is lower than a case heater.

 Heated by energizing the motor \* Low voltage at a level that will not start up the compressor



· Operation while the air conditioner is stopped

On/off is repeated every 30 minutes



\* Normally the compressor is heated while the unit is stopped to prevent liquid refrigerant from remaining in the compressor and to evaporate the liquid refrigerant in the compressor.

#### Water heat exchanger

#### **Reduction in head loss**

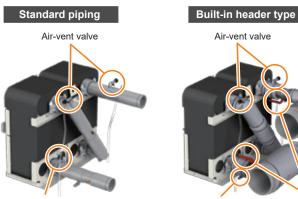
Head loss in the water pipe is reduced by the use of a different water heat exchanger and by reducing the number of water piping routes in the unit.

 Water heat exchanger head loss New model (R32) Conventional model (R410A) 300 250 Head loss [kPa] 150 100 50% reduction 50 0 20 Flow 15 25 30 rate [m<sup>3</sup>/h] 35 40 45

#### **Conventional model**

New model

#### Water piping in the unit



- Water-release plug
- Water-release plug Ball valve
- A water-release plug prevents water splashing when bleeding air.
- Separate air-vent valves are installed at both the inlet and outlet of the water pipes, allowing for easy water drainage just by plugging in and out the plugs.

## **Easy control**

The water temperature in each module can be controlled by using local remote controller PAR-W31MAA or by using centralized controller AE-200E. The control method can be selected at the request of each customer.

#### External signal input

Basic operations, such as operation command, mode switching and water temperature setting, can be performed by inputting external signals directly to the unit.

\* Optional products, such as remote controllers, are not always required.



#### Major functions

1000

A199

Remote controller PAR-W31MAA

48.0°c

	ON/OFF
	Cooling/Heating
Input	Snow/Normal
	Demand
	Target water temperature
	Operation command
Output	Operation mode
	Error
Control function	Control of number of units
(function of chiller)	Control to prevent simultaneous defrosting

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1.000

Centralized controller AE-200E

#### **Remote controller**

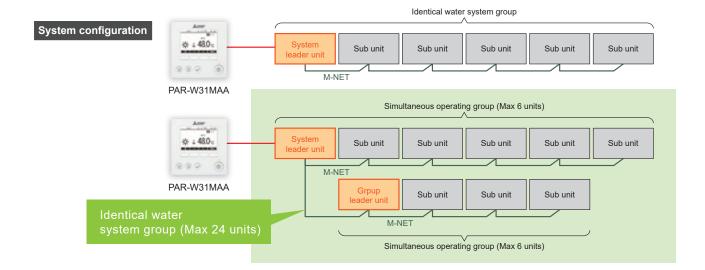
Basic operations, such as ON/OFF, mode switching, water temperature setting and schedule setting, can be performed by connecting a remote controller.

PAR-W31MAA



#### Major functions

ON/OFF
Cooling/Heating/HeatingECO/Anti-freeze
Snow/Normal
Demand
Scheduled operation (daily/weekly)
Target temperature
Operation mode
Current water temperature
Target temperature
Error code
Control of number of units
Control to prevent simultaneous defrosting



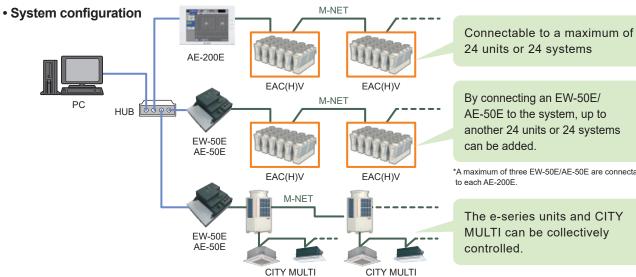
#### **Centralized controller\***

The e-series units are connectable to the AE-200E that centrally controls up to 24 units or 24 systems connected via M-NET.

By using EW-50E or AE-50E, the maximum number of connectable units can be further increased.

The use of AE-200E enables various operation settings and integrated control of the e-series and CITY MULTI.

\*AE-200E with software Ver.7.80 or later can be connected.



#### Major functions

Operation/	
setting	Scheduled operation (daily/weekly/annual) Target temperature Local control disabled (ON/OFF, operation mode, target temperature)

Display	WEB browser connected Operation mode Current water temperature Error code Outdoor temperature
Control function	Control of number of units
(function of chiller body)	Control to prevent simultaneous defrosting

#### BACnet<sup>®</sup> connection function

Connectable to a central monitoring device via AE-200E using BACnet®

\* BACnet® is a registered trademark of ASHRAE in the United States of America.

\* BACnet® can be connected to AE-200E with software Ver.7.90 or later.

Setting			
ON/OFF	Cooling/Heating/Heating ECO/Anti-freeze		
Snow/Normal	Local control disabled (ON/OFF, operation mode, target temperature)		
Target water temperature			
raiget water temperature			
Display	Cooling/Heating/Heating ECO/Anti-freeze	Communication erro	
Display ON/OFF Snow/Normal	Cooling/Heating/Heating ECO/Anti-freeze Local control disabled (ON/OFF, operation mode, target temperature)	Communication erro	

. 14.62 8.43

By connecting an EW-50E/ AE-50E to the system, up to another 24 units or 24 systems can be added.

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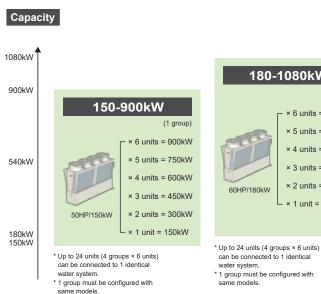
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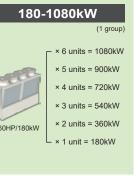
\*A maximum of three EW-50E/AE-50E are connectable

The e-series units and CITY MULTI can be collectively

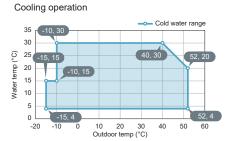
	Cooling only	Heat pump
50HP (150kW)	EACV-M1500YCL(-N)(-BS)	EAHV-M1500YCL(-N)(-BS)
60HP (180kW)	EACV-M1800YCL(-N)(-BS)	EAHV-M1800YCL(-N)(-BS)
* (-N) indicates built-in heade	r type models. * (-BS) indicates anti-corrosion type models.	

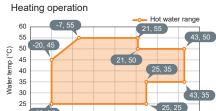
(-N) indicates built-in header type models. \* (-BS) indicates anti-corrosion type models.











0 10 20 Outdoor temp (°C)

Fin guard

Fin guard

30 40 50

\*2 One set contains 4 fin guards. Please refer to the following installation examples.

Unit

↓ Unit

\* 2 sets are required.

Installation only on the outside

Installation on the outside and inside

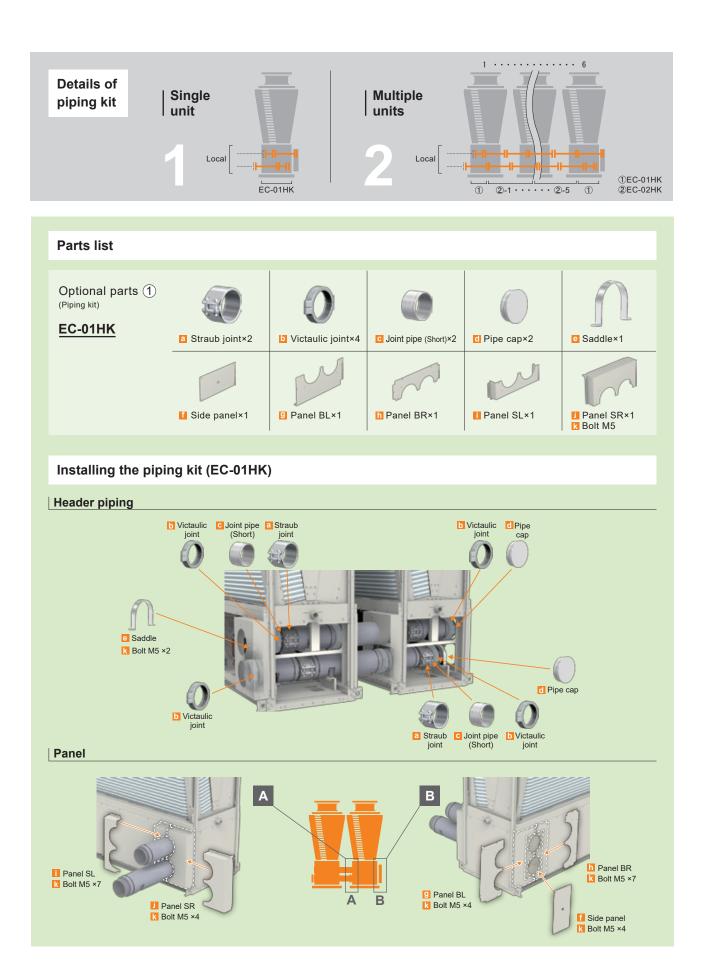
20 -20, 25 -30 -20

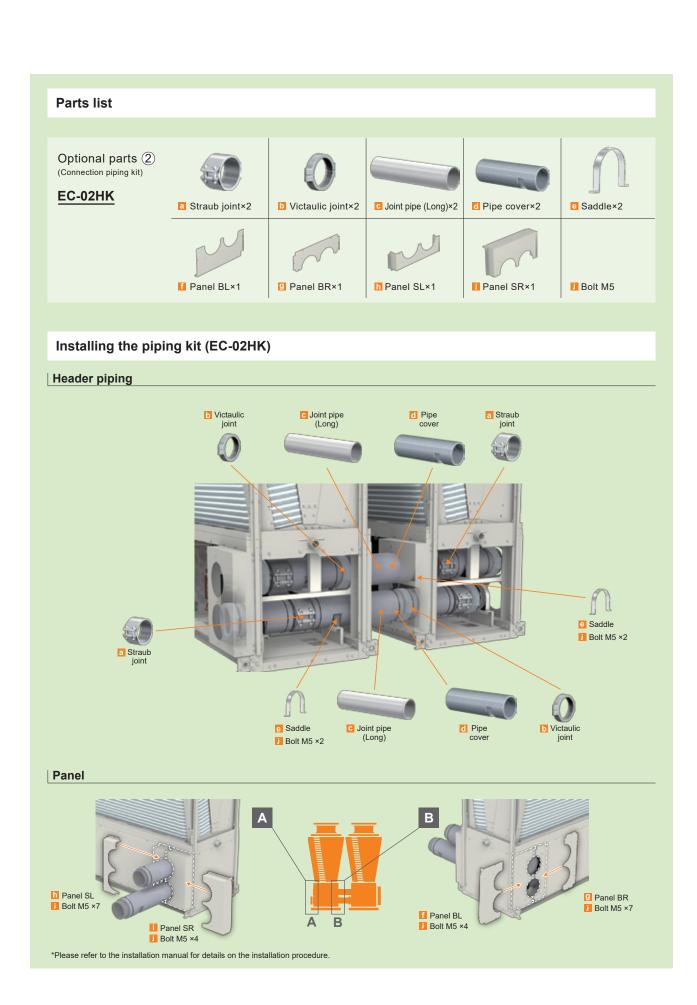
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#### **Optional parts**

Description	Image	Model name	Remarks
Piping kit		EC-01HK *1	For inside header type modules
Connection piping kit	0 <b></b> - 1	EC-02HK *1	For inside header type modules
Fin guard		EC-130FG	For standard pipe type and inside header type modules *2
Representative-water temperature sensor		TW-TH16-E	For standard pipe type and inside header type modules

\*1 EC-01HK and EC-02HK contain panels and bolts together with the items shown. (Please refer to the next page for details.)





#### **Specifications**

Standard		
Anti-corrosion		
Built-in header		
Anti-corrosion Built-in header		

 
 60HP
 EACV-M1800YCL

 60HP
 EACV-M1800YCL
 EACV-M1800YCL-BS 60HP EACV-M1800YCL-N 50HP EACV-M1500YCL-N-BS 60HP EACV-M1800YCL-N-BS



Model			EACV-M1500YCL(-N)(-BS)	EACV-M1800YCL(-N)(-BS)	
Power source			3-phase 4-wire 380		
Cooling capacity *1		kW	150.00 180.00		
0 1 9		kcal/h	129,000	154,800	
		BTU/h	511,800	614,160	
	Power input	kW	44.73	57.02	
	EER		3.35	3.16	
	IPLV *4		6.42	6.31	
	Water flow rate	m³/h	25.8	31.0	
Cooling capacity (EN14511) *2		kW	149.18	178.80	
	, _	kcal/h	128,295	153,768	
		BTU/h	509,002	610,066	
	Power input	kW	45.55	58.22	
EER			3.28	3.07	
	Eurovent efficiency class		A	B	
	SEER		5.52	5.36	
	Water flow rate	m³/h	25.8	31.0	
Current input	Cooling current 380-400-415V *1	A	76 - 72 - 69	96 - 91 - 88	
sanoni input	Maximum current	A	12-03		
Vater pressure drop *1		kPa	55	78	
		°С	oo Outlet wat	-	
lemp range	Cooling	°F	Outlet water Outlet water		
		°C	-15~		
	Outdoor	°F			
Discust a time of a new large s			5~12		
Circulating water volume		m³/h	12.9-		
	red in anechoic room) at 1m *1	dB (A)	65	67	
	sured in anechoic room) *1	dB (A)	83	85	
Diameter of water pipe	Inlet	mm (in)	65A (2 1/2B) ho		
Standard piping)	Outlet	mm (in)	65A (2 1/2B) ha		
Diameter of water pipe	Inlet	mm (in)	150A (6B) hou		
(Inside header piping)	Outlet	mm (in)	150A (6B) housing type joint		
External finish			Polyester powder coating steel plate		
External dimension HxWxD		mm	2350 x 34	00 x 1080	
Net weight	Standard piping	kg (lbs)	1039 (		
	Inside header piping	kg (lbs)	1067 (	2352)	
Design pressure	R32	MPa	4.	15	
- •	Water	MPa	1.	0	
leat exchanger	Water side		Stainless steel plate	and copper brazing	
5	Air side		Salt-resistant corrugated fin & aluminium micro channel		
Compressor	Туре		Inverter scroll her		
	Maker		MITSUBISHI ELECT		
	Starting method		Inverter		
	Quantity		4		
	Motor output	kW	11.5		
	Lubricant		MEL4		
Fan		m³/min			
	Air flow rate	L/s	270 x 4 4500 x 4		
	All now rate	cfm	9534 x 4		
	Type Quantity	Gill			
	Type, Quantity		Propeller fan x 4		
	Starting method	100/	Inverter 0.92 x 4		
	Motor output	kW	0.92		
:	External static press.	Pa		-	
Protection	High pressure protection		High pres.Sensor & High pres		
	Inverter circuit			Over-heat protection, Over current protection	
	Compressor			Over-heat protection	
Refrigerant	Type x charge		R32 x 4.7		
Control			LE		

\*1 Under normal cooling conditions at outdoor temp 35°C DB / 24°C WB (95°F DB / 75.2°F WB) outlet water temp 7°C (44.6°F) inlet water temp 12°C (53.6°F). Pump input is not included in cooling capacity and power input.
 \*2 Under normal cooling conditions at outdoor temp 35°C DB / 24°C WB (95°F DB / 75.2°F WB) outlet water temp 7°C (44.6°F) inlet water temp 12°C (53.6°F). Pump input is included in cooling capacity and power input.
 \*3 Amount of factory-charged refrigerant is 3 (kg) x 4. Please add the refrigerant at the field.
 \*4 IPLV is calculated in accordance with AHRI 550-590.
 \*Please don't use the steel material for the water piping.
 \*Please don't use the steel material for the water piping.
 \*Please don't use the steel material for the water figured.
 \*The water circuit must be closed circuit.
 \*The water circuit must be closed circuit.

The water circuit must be closed circuit. "Due to continuous improvement, the above specifications may be subject to change without notice. "This model is not equipped with a pump."  $\sigma^{5}$  oc  $\sigma^{5}$  — Cold water range

\*5 95 35 86 30 (°F) (°F) 88 (°C) 92 (°C) 92 (°F) 92 (°F -10, 30 40, 30 52, 20 15. 15 50 Mater te 50 Mater te 10 Mater te -10, 15 -15, 4 52, 4 41 5 32 0 -20 -10 10 20 30 Outdoor temp (°C) 50 68 86 Outdoor temp (°F) 40 50 0 -4 -14 32 104 122 140

Unit converter
kcal/h = kW x 860
BTU/h = kW x 3,412
lbs = kg/0.4536
cfm = m <sup>3</sup> /min x 35.31

Standard			
Anti-corrosion			
Built-in header			
Anti-corrosion Built-in header			

#### EAHV-M1500YCL 50HP 50HP EAHV-M1500YCL-BS 50HP EAHV-M1500YCL-N 50HP EAHV-M1500YCL-N-BS

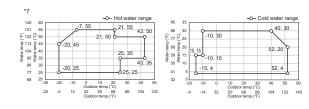
 
 60HP
 EAHV-M1800YCL

 60HP
 EAHV-M1800YCL
 EAHV-M1800YCL-BS 60HP EAHV-M1800YCL-N 60HP EAHV-M1800YCL-N-BS



Model		EAHV-M1500YCL(-N)(-BS) EAHV-M1800YCL(-N)(-BS) 3-phase 4-wire 380-400-415V 50/60Hz			
Power source Cooling capacity *1		kW	3-phase 4-wire 380-4 150.00	400-415V 50/60Hz 180.00	
Jooling capacity "I		kcal/h	129,000	154,800	
		BTU/h	511,800	614,160	
	Power input	kW	44.73	57.02	
	EER	NVV .	3.35	3.16	
	IPLV *6		6.42	6.31	
	Water flow rate	m <sup>3</sup> /h	25.8	31.0	
Cooling capacity (EN145		kW	149.18	178.80	
	(11) Z	kcal/h	128,295	153,768	
		BTU/h	509,002	610,066	
Power input		kW	45.55	58.22	
EER		KVV	3.28	3.07	
	Eurovent efficiency class		A.	В	
	SEER		5.52	5.36	
Water flow rate		m <sup>3</sup> /h	25.8	31.0	
Heating capacity *3		kW	150.00	180.00	
riculing outpuolity o		kcal/h	129,000	154,800	
		BTU/h	511,800	614,160	
	Bower input	kW	42.61	53.09	
	Power input COP	K V V	3.52	3.39	
	Water flow rate	m³/h	25.8	3.39 31.0	
Joating conceits (EN1445		kW	25.8		
leating capacity (EN145	911) 4		150.82		
		kcal/h		155,832	
	Dowor input	BTU/h	514,598	618,254	
	Power input	kW	43.43	54.29	
	COP	an/	3.47	3.34	
	SCOP Low temp. application	UII/	3.31/2	2.88	
		m <sup>3</sup> /h			
Current input	Water flow rate Cooling current 380-400-415V *1	m³/h	25.8	31.0	
Jurrent input		A	76 - 72 - 69	96 - 91 - 88	
	Heating current 380-400-415V *3	A	72 - 68 - 66	90 - 85 - 82	
Veter press	Maximum current	A	120		
Vater pressure drop *1	O a a line re	kPa	55	78	
emp range	Cooling	°C	Outlet wate		
	11		Outlet water 3		
	Heating	°C	Outlet water		
		°F	Outlet water 77~131 *7		
	Outdoor (Cooling)	°C	-15~52 *7		
		°F	5~125.6 *7		
	Outdoor (Heating)	°C	-20~43 *7		
		°F	-4~109		
Circulating water volume		m <sup>3</sup> /h	12.9~4		
	red in anechoic room) at 1m *1	dB (A)	65	67	
	sured in anechoic room) *1	dB (A)	83	85	
Diameter of water pipe	Inlet	mm (in)	65A (2 1/2B) hou		
Standard piping)	Outlet	mm (in)	65A (2 1/2B) hou		
Diameter of water pipe	Inlet	mm (in)	150A (6B) hous		
Inside header piping)	Outlet	mm (in)	150A (6B) hous		
External finish			Polyester powder c		
External dimension HxW		mm	2350 x 340		
let weight	Standard piping	kg (lbs)	1280 (2		
	Inside header piping	kg (lbs)	1307 (2		
esign pressure)	R32	MPa	4.1		
	Water	MPa	1.0		
leat exchanger	Water side		Stainless steel plate a	and copper brazing	
	Air side		Salt-resistant cross fir		
Compressor	Туре		Inverter scroll herm	netic compressor	
	Maker		MITSUBISHI ELECTR		
Starting method			Inver	ter	
	Quantity		4		
			11.5 x 4		
	Motor output		MEL46		
an	Motor output	m <sup>3</sup> /min	270 >		
an	Motor output Lubricant	m <sup>3</sup> /min L/s	270 > 4500	< 4	
an	Motor output Lubricant	L/s	4500	< 4 x 4	
an	Motor output Lubricant Air flow rate		4500 9534	< 4 x 4 x 4	
an	Motor output Lubricant Air flow rate Type, Quantity	L/s	4500 9534 Propeller	( 4 x 4 x 4 fan x 4	
- an	Motor output Lubricant Air flow rate Type, Quantity Starting method	L/s cfm	4500 9534 Propeller Inver	< 4 x 4 x 4 fan x 4 ter	
<sup>;</sup> an	Motor output Lubricant Air flow rate Type, Quantity Starting method Motor output	L/s cfm kW	4500 9534 Propeller Inver 0.92	< 4 x 4 fan x 4 ter x 4 x 4	
	Motor output Lubricant Air flow rate Type, Quantity Starting method Motor output External static press.	L/s cfm	4500 9534 Propeller Inver 0.92 20	(4 x 4 fan x 4 ter x 4	
	Motor output Lubricant Air flow rate Type, Quantity Starting method Motor output External static press. High pressure protection	L/s cfm kW	4500 9534 Propeller Inver 0.92 20 High pres.Sensor & High pres.	<ul> <li>&lt; 4</li> <li>× 4</li> <li>× 4</li> <li>fan x 4</li> <li>ter</li> <li>× 4</li> <li>Switch at 4.15MPa (601psi)</li> </ul>	
	Motor output Lubricant Air flow rate Type, Quantity Starting method Motor output External static press. High pressure protection Inverter circuit	L/s cfm kW	4500 9534 Propeller Inver 0.92 z 20 High pres.Sensor & High pres. Over-heat protection, O	< 4 x 4 fan x 4 ter x 4 Switch at 4.15MPa (601psi) ver current protection	
<sup>-</sup> an Protection Refrigerant	Motor output Lubricant Air flow rate Type, Quantity Starting method Motor output External static press. High pressure protection	L/s cfm kW	4500 9534 Propeller Inver 0.92 20 High pres.Sensor & High pres.	<ul> <li>&lt; 4</li> <li>× 4</li> <li>× 4</li> <li>fan x 4</li> <li>ter</li> <li>× 4</li> <li>Switch at 4.15MPa (601psi)</li> <li>ver current protection</li> <li>protection</li> </ul>	

LCC111C01
\*1 Under normal cooling conditions at outdoor temp 35°C DB / 24°C WB (95°F DB / 75.2°F WB) outlet water temp 7°C (44.6°F) inlet water temp 12°C (53.6°F). Pump input is not included in cooling capacity and power input.
\*2 Under normal cooling conditions at outdoor temp 35°C DB / 24°C WB (95°F DB / 75.2°F WB) outlet water temp 7°C (44.6°F) inlet water temp 12°C (53.6°F). Pump input is included in cooling capacity and power input based on FN14511.
\*3 Under normal heating conditions at outdoor temp 7°C DB / 24°C WB (95°F DB / 75.2°F WB) outlet water temp 45°C (113°F) inlet water temp 40°C (104°F). Pump input is not included in heating capacity and power input based on FN14511.
\*4 Under normal heating conditions at outdoor temp 7°C DB / 26°C WB (44.6°F DB / 42.6°F WB) outlet water temp 45°C (113°F) inlet water temp 40°C (104°F). Pump input is included in heating capacity and power input based on EN14511.
\*5 Amount of factory-charged refrigerant is 3 (kg) x 4. Please add the refrigerant at the field.
\*6 JPLV is calculated in accordance with AHRI 550-590.
\*Please advays make water crucialet, or pull the circulation water out completely when not in use.
\*Please advays make water crucialet, or pull the circulation water out completely when not in use.
\*Please advays make water crucialet, or pull the circulation water out completely when not in use.
\*Please advays make water crucialet, or pull the circulation water out completely when not in use.
\*Please do not use groundwater or well water directly.
\*The water circult must be closed circuit.
\*Due to continuous improvement, the above specifications may be subject to change without notice.
\*This model is not equipped with a pump.



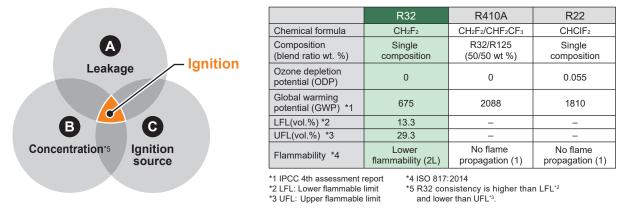
Unit converter kcal/h = kW x 860 BTU/h = kW x 3,412

cfm = m<sup>3</sup>/min x 35.31

lbs = kg/0.4536

#### **R32 refrigerant properties**

Under the conditions shown below, there is a possibility that R32 could burn.



Be sure to observe the following three points to use R32 safely.

#### 



#### Do not leak refrigerant.

<Installation> • Vacuum drying should be done. Do not release refrigerant into the atmosphere unnecessarily. • Follow "Installation points of charging refrigerant." <Repair/Removal> • Refrigerant should be recovered.



**C** 

#### Prevent concentration.

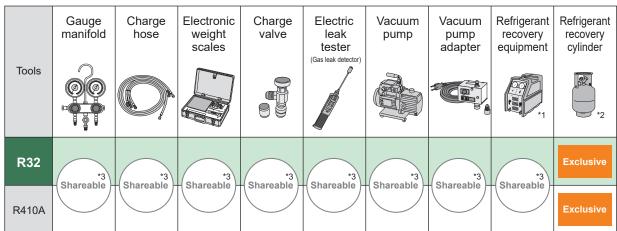
Follow "Installation restrictions".

#### Keep ignition sources away from the unit.

- Do not braze pipes that contain refrigerant. Before brazing, refrigerant should be recovered.
- Do not install the unit while electricity is on. Turn off electricity and check using a tester.
- Do not smoke during work and transportation.

Note: Both R32 / R410A emit toxic gas when exposed to naked flame.

#### Tools



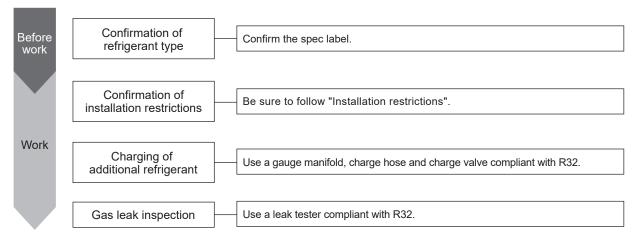
#### Note: Be sure to confirm with the manufacturers that the electric leak tester, vacuum pump and refrigerant recovery equipment are compliant with R32.

\*1 Refer to catalogs provided by the manufacturers of the tools above to ensure that the tools are usable with R32.

\*2 Do not use R32 and R410A in combination in the same refrigerant recovery cylinder.

\*3 The types of tools required for R32 units and R410A units are the same. Each tool must be used only with either R32 units or R410A units.

#### Procedure for charging refrigerant



#### Installation restrictions

#### **General restrictions**

#### 

#### Do not install the unit where combustible gas may leak.

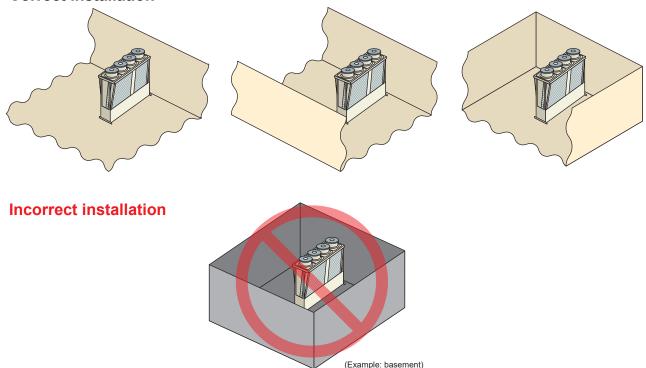
- If combustible gas accumulates around the unit, fire or explosion may result.
- Provide sufficient space around the unit for effective operation, efficient air movement, and ease of access for maintenance.
- All restrictions mentioned in this manual apply not only to new installations but also to relocations and layout changes.
- Refer to the Installation manual for other precautions on installation.

#### Installation space requirement

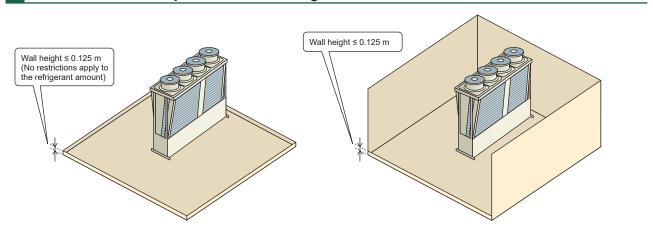
- Do not install the unit inside a building such as the basement or machine room, where the refrigerant may stagnate.
- Install the unit in a place where at least one of four sides is open.

Figure 1

#### **Correct installation**

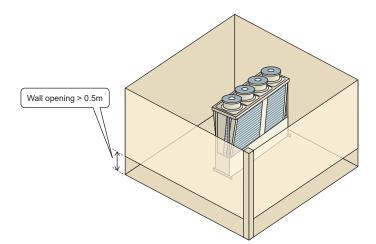


If the unit needs to be installed in a space where all four sides are blocked, confirm that one of the following situations (A or B) is satisfied.



A Install the unit in a space with a wall height of  $\leq$  0.125 m.

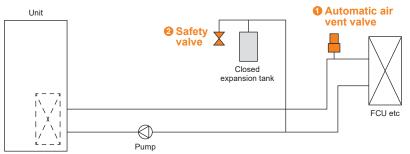
#### **B** Create an appropriate ventilation opening.



#### **Regulatory requirements for safety**

#### See below for information on installing a safety device on the air cooled chilling unit system.

- \* Safety devices shall be regularly inspected, maintained, and replaced in accordance with relevant laws, regulations, and the instructions of the manufacturers.
- \* The requirements listed below were established based on IEC60335-2-40 (Edition 5.0) G.G.6. See the original standards for further information on selecting a safety device.



Required items	Note
1 Automatic air vent valve	* In the event of a failure of the waterside heat exchanger in the unit, the refrigerant may leak from the automatic air vent valve, so install it in a place where the refrigerant will not accumulate, such as outdoors.
2 Safety valve	* In the event of a failure of the waterside heat exchanger in the unit, the refrigerant may leak from the safety valve, so install it in a place where the refrigerant will not accumulate, such as outdoors.



for a greener tomorrow

Eco Changes is the Mitsubishi Electric Group's environmental statement, and expresses the Group's stance on environmental management. Through a wide range of businesses, we are helping contribute to the realization of a sustainable society.

#### **∆**Warning

Do not use refrigerant other than the type indicated in the manuals provided with the unit and on the nameplate.

- Doing so may cause the unit or pipes to burst, or result in explosion or fire during use, repair, or at the time of disposal of the unit. - It may also be in violation of applicable laws.
- MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION cannot be held responsible for malfunctions or accidents resulting from the use of the wrong type of refrigerant.

■ Our air-cooled chilling units contain a fluorinated greenhouse gas, R32 (GWP:675).

This GWP value is based on Regulation (EU) No. 517/2014 from IPCC 4th edition. In case of Regulation (EU) No. 626/2011 from IPCC 3rd edition, this is R32 (GWP:550).

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